## Commodity Credit Corporation, USDA

growing medium, fertilization, irrigation, insect and disease control, weed control, rodent and wildlife control, and over-winterization storage facilities.

- (e) An ornamental plant having any value as an ornamental plant, or a damaged ornamental plant that may rejuvenate and re-establish value as an ornamental plant, shall be considered as worth full value based on the age or size of the plant at the time of disaster.
- (f) In the crop year in which a notice of loss is filed, producers may be required, at the discretion of CCC, to provide evidence the ornamental nursery is maintained in accordance with this section.
- (g) For the 2010 and subsequent crops, the crop year for ornamental nursery is June 1 through May 31.

 $[67\ FR\ 12448,\ Mar.\ 19,\ 2002,\ as\ amended\ at\ 78\ FR\ 21019,\ Apr.\ 9,\ 2013]$ 

## §1437.306 Christmas tree crops.

- (a) A Christmas tree is a value loss crop and may generate a claim for benefits under this part only if the tree was grown exclusively for commercial use as a Christmas tree, and only if other requirements of this section are met.
- (b) The unit of measure for all Christmas tree crops is a plant.
- (c) A Christmas tree having any value as a Christmas tree, or a damaged Christmas tree that may rejuvenate and re-establish value as a Christmas tree, shall be considered as worth full value based on the age of the tree at the time of disaster.

## §1437.307 Mushrooms.

- (a) Eligible mushrooms is a value loss crop and is only compensable in accord with the restrictions of this section. To be eligible, the mushrooms must be grown as a commercial crop in a facility with a controlled environment utilizing good mushroom growing practices. The facility must be located on private property either owned or leased by the producer.
- (b) The controlled environment for eligible mushrooms must include primary and backup systems for:
- (1) Temperature and humidity controls:
- (2) Proper and adequate lighting; and

- (3) Positive air pressurization and filtration.
- (c) The growing medium must consist of a substrate (a habitat and nutrient base) sterilized by heat treatment.
- (d) Good mushroom growing practices must be used, and they consist of proper and adequate insect and disease control and the maintenance of a sterile environment. Maintaining a sterile environment includes at a minimum:
  - (1) Adequate hygiene;
  - (2) Overall cleanliness;
- (3) Isolation or minimum contact procedures:
  - (4) Use of footpaths; and
- (5) Availability and frequent utilization of wash-down facilities.
- (e) In the crop year in which a notice of loss is filed, producers may be required, at the discretion of CCC, to provide evidence the mushrooms are maintained in accordance with this section.

## §1437.308 Ginseng.

- (a) Ginseng is a value loss crop and is compensable only as allowed in this section. Ginseng is eligible only if:
- (1) The ginseng includes stratified seeds for use as propagation stock in a commercial ginseng operation or rootlet for commercial sale that are grown in a controlled, cultivatable environment on private property either owned or leased by the producer; and
- (2) The ginseng is grown using good ginseng growing practices with all plant needs supplied and under control of the producer;
- (b) Ginseng will not be eligible to generate benefits under this part if it:
  - (1) Is indigenous to the facility;
- (2) Is grown solely for medicinal purposes; and
- (3) Includes wild ginseng rootlet that is harvested and transplanted from woodland grown ginseng.
- (c) Good ginseng growing practices must be followed, and include, but are not limited to:
  - (1) Adequate drainage;
  - (2) Proper and adequate shade;
  - (3) Accurate pH level;
- (4) Adequate and timely fertilization, including an adequate supply to ensure nutrient reserves to the ginseng plants and customary application equipment;